NOTICE OF REGULAR MEETING
Sacramento Housing and Redevelopment Commission
Wednesday, June 7, 2017 – 6:00 pm
801 12th Street, 2nd Floor Commission Room, Sacramento CA

ROLL CALL

APPROVAL OF AGENDA

CITIZENS COMMENTS
While the Commission welcomes and encourages participation in the Commission meetings, please limit your comments to three minutes, so that everyone may be heard. If you wish to speak under Citizens Comments or on a posted agenda item, please fill out a speaker card and present it to the Agency Clerk. SHRA provides opportunities for the public to address the Commission at this time in order to listen to opinions regarding non-agendized matters within the subject matter jurisdiction of SHRA. Consistent with the Brown Act, the public comment periods on the agenda are not intended to be “question and answer” periods or conversations with Commission members. Members of the public with questions are encouraged to contact staff before or after the meeting. Commission attendees are requested to silence any electronic devices that they have in their possession during the meeting.

APPROVAL OF MINUTES - May 3, 2017 and May 17, 2017

DISCUSSION/BUSINESS ITEMS

1. 2017 Annual Plan - Mid-Year Revision for the Housing Authority of the City of Sacramento and the Housing Authority of the County of Sacramento; Submission of the 2017 Annual Plan Mid-Year Revision to the Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) – final action

PRESENTATIONS

2. Homelessness Initiative Update

EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR REPORT

COMMISSION CHAIR REPORT

ENGAGEMENT SUBCOMMITTEE REPORT

ITEMS AND QUESTIONS OF COMMISSION MEMBERS

ADJOURNMENT

REPORTS: Copies of documents relating to agenda items are available for review in the Agency Clerk’s office located at 801 12th Street, Sacramento CA 95814. Agendas and reports are also posted online at www.shra.org. Materials related to an item on this agenda submitted after distribution of the agenda packet are available for public inspection in the Agency Clerk’s office during normal business hours and will also be available at the meeting.

AMERICANS WITH DISABILITIES ACT: Meeting facilities are accessible to persons with disabilities. If you require special assistance to participate in the meeting, notify the Agency Clerk at (916) 440-1353 at least 48 hours prior to the meeting.
MINUTES

Sacramento Housing and Redevelopment Commission (SHRC)
Meeting of May 3, 2017
Meeting noticed on April 28, 2017

ROLL CALL

The Sacramento Housing and Redevelopment Commission meeting was called to order at 6:02 p.m. by Chair Creswell. A quorum of members was present.

MEMBERS PRESENT: Alcalay, Creswell, Johnson, Griffin, Morgan, Painter, Raab, Staajabu

MEMBERS ABSENT: Macedo, Simas, Rios

STAFF PRESENT: La Shelle Dozier, Tyrone Williams, David Levin, Christine Weichert, Mark Hamilton, Sarah Thomas, MaryLiz Paulson, LaTanna Jones, Susan Veazey, Anne Nicholls.

APPROVAL OF AGENDA – Agenda approved as submitted.

CITIZENS COMMENTS

Jefferey Tardaguilla provided comment.

1. APPROVAL OF MINUTES - The minutes of April 19, 2017 meeting were approved with an amendment to the second item.

DISCUSSION/BUSINESS ITEMS

2. 800 Block of K Tax Equity and Fiscal Responsibility Act (TEFRA) Hearing, and Approval of Loan Commitment and Tax Exempt Bonds

Susan Veazey presented the item. Ali Youssefi of CFY Development presented a presentation illustrating the project.

Commissioner Creswell requested an informational/discussion session regarding the bond issuance fee, as well as to be kept apprised of the balance of successor funds and other funds used for projects.
On a motion by Commissioner Alcalay, seconded by Commissioner Morgan, the Commission considered the staff recommendation for the item listed above. The votes were as follows:

AYES: Alcalay, Morgan, Staajabu, Creswell, Raab Griffin, Johnson

NOES: None

ABSENT: Rios, Simas, Macedo

ABSTAIN: None

RECUSE: Painter

3. **Housing Trust Fund And Affordable Housing Ordinance Annual Report**

Susan Veazey presented the item.

4. **Housing Trust Fund Ordinance and Mixed Income Housing Ordinance Annual Report**

Ann Nicholls presented the item.

5. **Annual Report on Residential Hotels**

Ann Nicholls presented the item.

Jefferey Tardaguila provided comments.

Commissioner Creswell requested to be informed if residential hotels initiate changes in their target residents. Christine Weichert indicated that she would keep the Commission informed in the event of such a change.

**ITEMS AND QUESTIONS OF COMMISSION MEMBERS**

None

**EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR REPORT**

La Shelle Dozier reviewed the following:

1. The Zipcar Pilot Program
2. The Elica Heath Care at Alder Grove
3. That the SHRA Joint Powers Authority structure question will be addressed on May 23, 2017 at a County Board of Supervisors meeting. The Executive Director
noted that any relevant information will be sent to Commissioners as it becomes available.

Upcoming events:

4. Two resident youths will be honored at the City Council Meeting on May 9th.
5. The Promise Zone 2nd Birthday Celebration on May 11th.

COMMISSION CHAIR REPORT

Chair Creswell:

- Asked for volunteers for the Engagement and Executive Committees. Commissioners Johnson and Griffin indicated interest in the Engagement Committee and Commissioners Griffin, Alcalay, and Morgan indicated interest in the Executive Committee.

- Asked for an update on the Department of Finance memos. General Counsel David Levin responded. There will be an update at the next meeting.

- Asked for an update on the Homeless Initiatives. Executive Director Dozier responded that this would be addressed as part of the Annual Plan update item at the next meeting.

Chair Creswell announced that on May 9th there will be an episode of the television program Frontline, the subject of which is the Low Income Tax Credit Program.

ITEMS AND QUESTIONS OF COMMISSION MEMBERS

Commissioner Morgan asked if we can expand the Zipcar pilot so that adjacent properties may also use the cars.

ADJOURNMENT

As there was no further business to be conducted, Chair Creswell adjourned at 7:00 pm.

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Clerk
MINUTES
Sacramento Housing and Redevelopment Commission (SHRC)
Meetings of May 17, 2017
Meeting noticed on May 12, 2017

Closed Session

ROLL CALL

The Sacramento Housing and Redevelopment Commission meeting was called to order at 5:57 p.m. by Vice-Chair Raab. A quorum of members was present.

MEMBERS PRESENT: Macedo, Simas, Morgan, Painter, Raab, Staajabu
MEMBERS ABSENT: Alcalay, Rios, Johnson, Creswell, Griffin
STAFF PRESENT: La Shelle Dozier, James Shields, Asa Standfeldt, Lira Goff
CITIZENS COMMENTS: No comment was given.

1. Closed Session Item - No action was taken.

Open Session

ROLL CALL

The Sacramento Housing and Redevelopment Commission meeting was called to order at 6:10 p.m. by Vice-Chair Raab. A quorum of members was present.

MEMBERS PRESENT: Macedo, Simas, Morgan, Painter, Raab, Staajabu
MEMBERS ABSENT: Alcalay, Rios, Johnson, Creswell, Griffin
STAFF PRESENT: La Shelle Dozier, James Shields, Sarah Thomas, Greg Potts, Tanya Tran, Geoff Ross, Celia Yniguez, Asa Marie Standfeldt, MaryLiz Paulson, LaTanna Jones, Susan Veazey, Jacqueline Martinez-Juarez, Anne Nicholls, Lira Goff.

APPROVAL OF AGENDA - The agenda approved as submitted.
CITIZENS COMMENTS - No comment was given.

CONSENT ITEMS

1. Authorization to Apply and Administer the State of California’s Emergency Solutions Grant (ESG) Program

2. Update on Submission of the 2017 Public Housing Agency (PHA) Annual Plan Mid-Year Revision for the Housing Authority of the City of Sacramento to the United States Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD)

3. Update On Submission Of The 2017 Annual Plan Mid-Year Revision For The Housing Authority Of The County Of Sacramento To The United States Department Of Housing And Urban Development (HUD)

   The items were approved without objection.

PUBLIC HEARING

4. Approval Of The Substantial Amendment To The 2017 One-Year Action Plan And Previous Years’ One Year Action Plans; Execution Of Related Documents And Amendment Of The Sacramento Housing And Redevelopment Agency Budget; Authorization To Amend Agreements With County Of Sacramento; Authorization to Enter Into Cooperation or HOME Consortium Agreements with Jurisdictions Located Within Sacramento County; Other Related Activities And Findings

   The item was presented by Jackie Martinez-Juarez.

   On a motion by Commissioner Painter, seconded by Commissioner Macedo, the Commission considered the staff recommended approval of the item listed above.
   The votes were as follows:

   AYES: Macedo, Simas, Morgan, Painter, Raab, Staajabu

   NOES: None

   ABSENT: Alcalay, Rios, Johnson, Creswell, Griffin

   ABSTAIN: None

   RECUSE: Painter

SPECIAL PRESENTATION

5. Greenbrier Mixed-Income Housing Strategy
The item was presented by Anne Nicholls. Ali Youseffi of CFY Development Inc. spoke.

DISCUSSION/BUSINESS ITEMS

6. 2017 Annual Plan - Mid-Year Revision for the Housing Authority of the City of Sacramento and the Housing Authority of the County of Sacramento: Submission of the 2017 Annual Plan Mid-Year Revision to the Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD).

The item was presented by MaryLiz Paulson.

ITEMS AND QUESTIONS OF COMMISSION MEMBERS

None

EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR REPORT

La Shelle Dozier reviewed the following upcoming events:

1. Jean Harvie Well Replacement Ceremony on 5/24 at 11:00 am.
2. SHRA JPA Item at the Sacramento County Board of Supervisors on 5/24 at 4:00 pm.

COMMISSION CHAIR REPORT

No report was given.

ENGAGEMENT SUBCOMMITTEE REPORT

Commissioner Macedo presented a brief report regarding:

1. Supporting SHRA at the County Board JPA Meeting
2. The mission of the Engagement Committee

Commissioner Macedo requested copies of the minutes from past Engagement Committee meetings and a copy of the Fund Inc. by-laws.

ITEMS AND QUESTIONS OF COMMISSION MEMBERS

No items or questions were given.
ADJOURNMENT

As there was no further business to be conducted, Vice-Chair Raab adjourned at 7:00 pm.

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Clerk
June 7, 2017

Sacramento Housing and Redevelopment Commission
Sacramento, California

Honorable Members in Session:

SUBJECT 2017 Annual Plan - Mid-Year Revision for the Housing Authority of the City of Sacramento and the Housing Authority of the County of Sacramento; Submission of the 2017 Annual Plan Mid-Year Revision to the Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD)

RECOMMENDATION

Staff recommends: 1) certification that the required public hearing has been held and comments have been received, 2) approval of the 2017 Public Housing Agency (PHA) Annual Plan- Mid-Year Revision consisting of the Public Housing Admissions and Continued Occupancy Policy for both the Housing Authority of the City of Sacramento and the Housing Authority of the County of Sacramento, and the Housing Choice Voucher Program Administrative Plan for the Housing Authority of the County of Sacramento, 3) making changes to The PHA Plan as directed by the Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) or required to comply with the Quality Housing and Work Responsibility Act of 1998, and 4) certifying that the 2017 PHA Annual Plan Mid-Year Revision is consistent with the Consolidated Plan per 24 Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 903.15.

CONTACT PERSONS

Sarah Thomas, Assistant Director, Housing Choice Voucher, 916-440-1397
LaTanna Jones, Assistant Director, Conventional Housing Program, 916-440-1334

SUMMARY

This report recommends consideration of the 2017 PHA Annual Plan (Plan) – Mid-Year Revision for the Housing Authorities of the City and County of Sacramento (collectively “Housing Authority”) that are consistent with the Five-Year Consolidated Plan (2013-2017). The 2017 PHA Plan Mid-Year Revision will not include any significant changes to the 2017 Capital Fund Annual Plan, which details anticipated capital improvements that will happen next year at PHA properties.
The 2017 PHA Plan – Mid-Year Revision includes significant changes to:

- The Conventional Public Housing program’s Admissions and Continued Occupancy Policy (ACOP); and
- The Housing Choice Voucher (HCV) program’s Administrative Plan.

These documents provide a comprehensive guide to the Housing Authority’s policies, programs, operations, and strategies for meeting local housing needs and are consistent with the Housing Authority’s overall goals to improve operating efficiencies and resident services. These documents can be found on the Sacramento Housing and Redevelopment Agency (Agency) website (located at www.shra.org - 2017 PHA Plan).

BACKGROUND

On March 21, 2017, Staff presented a report outlining a three-year initiative to serve homeless individuals and families with Housing Authority resources to both the County and City of Sacramento Housing Authority Boards. In order to embark on this new initiative, significant changes are required to Housing Authority policy documents. Since the March meeting, Agency staff have reviewed Housing Authority policies and are recommending revisions to the PHA Plan and the Admissions and Continued Occupancy Policy (ACOP) and the Administrative Plan to support this endeavor. Once approved by the Commission, the proposed changes will be submitted to HUD for review and approval in early August. HUD has 75 days after the PHA Plan is submitted to issue notification of approval or disapproval of the revised Plan. If the PHA Plan is approved, staff can begin implementing the changes immediately.

The PHA Plan provides detail about Housing Authority programs, services, and general policies. Applicable Federal Law and HUD regulations allow Housing Authorities to amend or modify their PHA Plans after submitting their Annual Plans to HUD. The 2017 PHA Plan Mid-Year Revision is a significant amendment to the annual update to the Five-Year PHA Plan. The proposed changes to the policy documents were provided to the Sacramento Resident Advisory Board (RAB) and Legal Services of Northern California (LSNC) for their input.

Notices announcing the 45-day public comment period and the location of the draft documents were published in local English language and non-English language newspapers, and were also available at various locations. Notices and documents were also posted on the Agency’s website for review.
In order to more directly and effectively serve homeless families, Staff is proposing that the following priorities be added to the City’s ACOP and County HCV Administrative Plan:

City Public Housing ACOP:

1. Homeless families (including individuals) receiving homeless services receive highest priority to receive a vacant unit. These families are linked to services from a public agency or consortia of agencies providing wraparound services to homeless families. It is anticipated that these services will include paying for security deposits and assisting families in obtaining income and maintaining their housing.

2. Homeless families (including individuals) who are homeless and not linked to services receive the second highest priority to receive a vacant unit.

County HCV Administrative Plan:

The Housing Authority is proposing to give priority to homeless individuals and families while continuing to serve families on the current waitlist by creating two new preferences:

1. **Limited Homeless Allocation.** Priority is given to homeless individuals or families that are currently receiving services and are referred by a partnering homeless service organization, another coordinated system or consortia of homeless service providers. The referring agency will verify homelessness and will assist the family with finding a suitable rental property once the voucher is issued. Ongoing housing stabilization services will continue to be provided to the family. The PHA will issue up to 150 HCV vouchers each year for a maximum of 450 vouchers cumulatively over a three year period.

2. **Move On Allocation.** This priority is provided to homeless individuals or families, referred by an approved third party, who have successfully participated in a Permanent Supportive Housing (PSH) program. They have been determined ready to move into housing without the attached supportive services and will be referred to the Housing Authority to receive a tenant-based voucher. This will create vacancies in PSH programs allowing additional homeless families in need of services to become housed. This initiative will be implemented after twelve months whereby the Housing Authority will issue up to 25 vouchers per year for a maximum of up to 50 vouchers.

The following changes are proposed for the Public Housing Program City and County ACOPs and the Housing Choice Voucher Program Administrative Plan and are detailed in the attached 2017 Annual Plan Mid-Year Revision. These changes are
consistent with HUD’s guidance, changing regulations, and best practices. New policies and revisions proposed include the following:

- When reviewing applications from individuals or families to either housing program, the Agency will only look back at criminal activity for the past three years, instead of five years.
- The Agency will only consider convictions, not arrests, for criminal activity when determining eligibility for its programs.
- The Agency will review the criminal histories of all applicants and will take into consideration mitigating circumstances when determining initial eligibility for program participation.
- The Agency is incorporating HUD-issued changes to the “Student Housing Rule.”

Additionally, the following changes are proposed for the Housing Choice Voucher Program Administrative Plan only. These include the following:

- New language will be added to address a grant the Agency was recently awarded to serve homeless youth (Performance Partnership Pilot for Disconnected Youth [P3] grant).
- Clarification on how minors are identified as household members when one parent receives voucher benefits.
- Revised language in response to HUD-issued changes related to the Violence Against Women Act (VAWA). It should be noted that the Conventional Public Housing Program is currently introducing these changes to residents, and they will be added to the 2018 ACOP in the Fall.

Legal Services of Northern California (LSNC) and the Sacramento Resident Advisory Board both submitted written comments during the public comment period. They are included in this staff report as Attachments 7 and 8. The Housing Authority’s response to LSNC’s comments is also included as Attachment 9.

FINANCIAL CONSIDERATIONS

The recommended actions before the Commission requires no additional funding at this time. Aligning Agency resources to prioritize and increase efforts to serve homeless families may require additional resources as the program is developed to cover coordination and intake costs. Additionally, serving individuals and families who require a greater subsidy may reduce the number of people who can be served.
POLICY CONSIDERATIONS

The Public Housing Authority complies with applicable federal laws and regulations, including the Quality Housing and Work Responsibility Act of 1998 (QHWRA).

ENVIRONMENTAL REVIEW

California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA): The proposed action is an administrative activity and does not commit to any specific project which may result in potentially significant impacts to the environment and therefore does not constitute a project under CEQA per 14 California Code of Regulations (CCR) §15378(b)(4).

National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA): The proposed action is considered an administrative and management activity and is exempt under the National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA) per 24 Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) §58.34(a)(3).

M/WBE AND SECTION 3 CONSIDERATIONS

Minority and Women’s Business Enterprise requirements will be applied to all activities to the extent required by federal funding to maintain that federal funding. Section 3 requirements will be applied to the extent they may be applicable.

Respectfully submitted,

LA SHELLE DOZIER
Executive Director

Attachments
Attachments (Available www.shra.org)
Attachments 1-5 are on file with the Clerk. Attachments 6-10 are included with the Staff Report.

1. City of Sacramento 2017 Annual PHA Plan
2. County of Sacramento 2017 Annual PHA Plan
3. Public Housing Admissions and Continued Occupancy Policy (ACOP)- City
4. Public Housing Admissions and Continued Occupancy Policy (ACOP)- County
5. Housing Choice Voucher Program Administrative Plan
6. 2017 Mid-Year Revision Changes Summary
7. SRAB Letter of Support
8. Comments received from Legal Services of Northern California (LSNC)
9. PHA response to LSNC
10. Resolution
2017 Mid-Year Revision
Housing Authority of the City of Sacramento
Housing Authority of the County of Sacramento
Admissions and Continued Occupancy Policy (ACOP) and Administrative Plan (Admin Plan)

The Public Housing Authority (PHA) defines a "substantial deviation" and "significant amendment/modification" as any change in policy which significantly and substantially alters the Authority's stated mission and the persons the Authority serves. The proposed changes below have been deemed "significant".

New language is indicated in red. Deleted language is shown in strikeout. To see the changes in context, refer to the documents found at www.shra.org.

There are 37 proposed mid-year revisions to the 2017 PHA Plan which have been deemed "significant". There are 8 significant changes in the City ACOP, 7 significant changes in the County ACOP and 29 significant changes in the Administrative Plan.

HOUSING AUTHORITY OF THE CITY OF SACRAMENTO (ACOP)

Change #1. Chapter 2 ELIGIBILITY FOR ADMISSION

AGENCY FACTORS (CHAPTER 2, PG. 2)

* A family will **may** be denied admission to the program if they **owe** any previous landlord money, as determined by a court, within the last **five** three years. (Consideration will be given to assist the family if the family is under a repayment agreement with that landlord prior to being selected from the waitlist and the payments are current or if the debt was incurred as a result of financial hardship or disability, the family has not been able to repay the landlord as a result of financial hardship or disability, or if other mitigating circumstances justify admission to the program.)

* A family will **may** be denied admission to the program if any member of the family has been evicted from federally assisted housing for a serious violation of a lease within the last **five** three years. The PHA will consider mitigating circumstances.

* The family may not have violated any family obligation during a previous participation in a federally assisted housing program within **five** three years. (The PHA will consider mitigating circumstances).
An applicant family will be denied if any member of the family has been convicted of drug-related criminal activity (see Criminal Screening Criteria below) within the last three years. The PHA will consider mitigating circumstances.

An applicant family will be denied if any member of the family has been convicted of violent criminal activity (see Criminal Screening Criteria below) within the last three years. The PHA will consider mitigating circumstances.

Where finger printing is not an option, the Housing Authority will ask the prospect to list all arrest convictions that have occurred in the past five three years. If the prospect neglects to list a past arrest or conviction, the PHA may elect to continue to process the prospect. If a prospect is able to be finger printed, the PHA will not ask the prospect to list any convictions arrest.

Change #2. Criminal Screening Criteria (Chapter 2, Pg. 3)

The PHA may deny families for any felony convictions for the following charges: Assault and battery, use of a firearm against a person, armed robbery, robbery offenses with no weapon involved, intentional homicides, manslaughter, kidnapping and abduction, stalking, arson, burglary, breaking and entering, fraud, possession of drugs and weapons offenses.

The PHA may deny families for any felony and misdemeanor convictions for the following charges: Domestic violence, sex offenses, manufacture, distribution or possession to distribute drugs, driving under the influence. All convictions that fall in the above categories will be reviewed through an individualized screening process where mitigating circumstances will be considered prior to proposed denial from the program.

The PHA at its discretion may elect to continue to process the prospect if during the application process a prospect neglects to list a past arrest or conviction and if that arrest or conviction is not for.

The PHA will not consider any arrest or convictions that are over five three years old provided no other criminal activity has taken place in the interim and they have not been on probation or parole for at least one year from the date the prospect was pulled from the waitlist.

Change #3. Student Eligibility (Chapter 2, Pg. 5)

Students who meet any of the following shall qualify for housing assistance, provided that they meet all other eligibility requirements:

- The individual is 24 years of age or older by December 31 of the award year;
- The individual has legal dependents other than a spouse;
- The individual is a graduate or professional student;
- The individual is a veteran of the Armed Forces of the United States (as defined in subsection (c)(1) of HEA) or is currently serving on active duty in the Armed Forces for other than training purposes;
- The individual is married;
- The individual is an orphan, in foster care, or a ward of the court or was an orphan, in foster care, or a ward of the court at any time when the individual was 13 years of age or older;
- The individual is, or was immediately prior to attaining the age of majority, an emancipated minor or in legal guardianship as determined by a court of competent jurisdiction in the individual’s State of legal residence;
- Is otherwise individually eligible, or has parents who, individually or jointly, are eligible on the basis of income to receive assistance;
- The individual has been verified during the school year in which the application is submitted as either an unaccompanied youth who is a homeless child or youth (as such terms are defined in section 725 of the McKinney-Vento Homeless Assistance Act) (42 U.S.C. 11431 et seq.), or as unaccompanied, at risk of homelessness, and self-supporting, by— (i) a local educational agency homeless liaison, designated pursuant to section 722(g)(1)(J)(ii) of the McKinney-Vento Homeless Assistance Act; (ii) the director of a program funded under the Runaway and Homeless Youth Act or a designee of the director; (iii) the director of a program funded under subtitle B of title IV of the McKinney-Vento Homeless Assistance Act (relating to emergency shelter grants) or a designee of the director; or (iv) a financial aid administrator.

The individual is a student for whom a financial aid administrator makes a documented determination of independence by reason of other unusual circumstances. Independent status must be verified by:

- Reviewing and verifying previous address information to determine evidence of a separate household or verifying the student meets the U.S. Department of Education’s definition of “independent student”
- Reviewing a student’s prior year income tax returns to verify the student is independent or verifying the student meets the U.S. Department of Education’s definition of “independent student”; and
- Verifying income provided by a parent by requiring a written certification from the individual providing the support. Certification is also required if the parent is providing no support to the student. Financial assistance that is provided by persons not living in the unit is part of annual income.

**Student As Head of Household**

Assistance shall be denied to any single Head of Household student who:

- Is enrolled in an institution of higher education;
- Is under 24 years of age;
- Is not a U.S. Veteran;
- Is unmarried;
- Does not have a dependent child;
- Is individually ineligible for section 8 assistance; and
- If the student’s parents are, individually or jointly, ineligible for assistance.

**Unless:**
• The student is individually income eligible AND resides with parents (individually or jointly) who are income eligible for the program;
• The student is income eligible and has established a household separate from parents or legal guardians at least one year prior to application for occupancy OR the student meets the Department of Education definition of independent student;
• The student is not claimed as a dependent by a parent or a legal guardian pursuant to IRS regulations for a period of one year prior to the application for occupancy;
• The student must obtain a certification which states the amount of financial assistance that will be provided by the parents, signed by the individual providing the support. The certification is required even if no assistance will be provided.

Change #4. Denial of Admission for Drug Related and/or Other Criminal Activity

SCREENING FOR DRUG ABUSE AND OTHER CRIMINAL ACTIVITY (CHAPTER 2, PG. 20)

In an effort to prevent drug or violence related and other criminal activity, as well as other patterns of behavior that pose a threat to the health, safety, or the right to peaceful enjoyment of the premises by other residents, the PHA will endeavor to screen applicants thoroughly and fairly.

Obtaining summary criminal history information for the purpose of screening a prospective participant/applicant includes:

• Any information concerning any arrest or conviction, or release from custody that occurred within at least the past five years by applicants. Any information regarding a pattern or repeated acts of criminal or drug related behavior that occurred within at least the past five years by applicants
• Any felony offense that involved any activity related to controlled substances or alcoholic beverages within at least the past five years [CA Penal Code § 11105.3]

SECURITY AND CRIMINAL BACKGROUND CHECK (CHAPTER 2, PG. 21)

The PHA will verify any involvement in criminal activity on the part of any applicant family or household member who intends to reside in the PHA leased premises:
Involvement in criminal activity by any member of an applicant family or household member that would adversely affect the health, safety, or welfare of other tenants will be verified using information from the criminal records system of the City and County of Sacramento, the State of California, and the federal National Crime Information Center (the "NCIC"). The PHA will also examine criminal histories provided by other States or municipalities, court records, and other evidence that might document any criminal activity. In addition, the current and former landlords and housing providers will be asked to indicate problems during the applicant's tenancy. The Authority will review police reports for any criminal activity during the five three year period prior to consideration for admission.

The PHA will use the criminal records system of the City and County of Sacramento, the State of California, the NCIC, DOJ, and other states and/or municipalities to check all applicants for any evidence of:

1. Any and all information relative to any criminal convictions or activity, both felonies and misdemeanors within the past five three years;

Examples of criminal offenses that will be considered include, but are not limited to: felonies, disturbing the peace, drunk and disorderly conduct, threats or harassment, domestic violence, including actual or threatened violence toward members of an applicant household, assaults, destruction of property, vandalism, citations for health and sanitary code violations, possession of an unlawful weapon, criminal damage, arson, and home invasion

In applying the above provisions, the PHA will consider the nature of the offense and any mandatory penalties in accordance with state and federal law as well as any mitigating circumstances.

STANDARD FOR VIOLATION (CHAPTER 2, PG. 22)

The PHA will deny admission to the program to applicants for five three years from the date of an eviction if a household member has been evicted from housing for drug-related criminal activity. However, the PHA may admit the household if the PHA determines:

1. That the evicted household member who engaged in drug-related criminal activity has successfully completed a supervised drug rehabilitation program approved by the PHA and has met the rehabilitation standard set forth in this policy; or
2. That the circumstances leading to eviction no longer exist or
3. There are other mitigating circumstances.

The PHA will deny admission to the program to applicants for five three years from the date of conviction, or if incarcerated for one year or more, the date the applicant completed his/her sentence due to drug-related and other criminal activity that pose a threat to the health, safety or the right to peaceful enjoyment of the premises by other residents.
The PHA will deny admission to the program, applicants currently on parole or whose parole release is within 12 months of the date of selection from the waitlist, if the criminal activity underlying the parole poses a threat to the health, safety, or right to peaceful enjoyment of the premises by other residents.

The PHA may deny admission to the program, applicants either currently on formal probation or whose formal probation release is within 12 months of the date of selection from the waitlist, if the criminal activity underlying the probation poses a threat to the health, safety, or right to peaceful enjoyment of the premises by other residents.

The PHA will deny participation in the program to applicants if it is determined that the person abuses alcohol in a way that may interfere with the health, safety or right to peaceful enjoyment of the premises by other residents. This includes cases where the PHA determines that there is a pattern or repeated acts of illegal use of controlled substances or a pattern or repeated acts of alcohol abuse.

The PHA will consider the illegal use of a controlled substance or alcohol abuse to be a pattern if there is more than one incident during the previous 18 months that may interfere or threaten the health, safety or right to peaceful enjoyment of the public housing premises by other residents or employees of the PHA.

No family member may have committed fraud, bribery, or any other corrupt or criminal act in connection with any federal housing program in the last five three years.

Evidence (Chapter 2, Pg. 23)

The PHA must have credible evidence of the violation. Credible evidence may be obtained from the following:

- Proof of a criminal conviction (see Criminal Screening Criteria).

Change #5. Supervisory Review and Hearings (Chapter 2, Pg. 24)

If the applicant is associated with more than one subsidized unit, the Agency will ask the family to sign an affidavit stating that the family understands that they cannot be a party to two different subsidized units at the same time and that they must relinquish their current unit in order to participate in the new program.

Change #6. Wait List Preferences (Chapter 4, Pg. 6)

Per PIH Notice 2013-15 any time a new preference is added to an existing wait list, families already on the wait list will be given the opportunity to qualify for the preference and move up on the wait list accordingly.
The PHA is making all City Housing Authority units that become available for occupancy accessible for homeless families. The PHA is creating two new preferences to serve the homeless population, giving priority to families connected to a homeless service provider.

The PHA uses the following local preferences:

(8 Points) Receiving homeless services: Homeless families (as defined in the Glossary) are receiving services from a public agency or consortia of agencies providing wrap-around services to homeless families. Some of these services include paying for security deposits and assisting families in obtaining income and maintaining their housing.

(5 Points) Homeless families: Families (including individuals) who are homeless as defined in the Glossary that are not connected to services.

An applicant may not be granted any preference if any member of the family has been evicted from any federally assisted housing during the past five (5) three years because of drug-related or violent criminal activity. The PHA may grant an exception to such a family if the responsible member has successfully completed a rehabilitation program.

Change #7. B.GLOSSARY OF HOUSING TERMS (Chapter 20, Pg. 11)

ENGAGED IN OR ENGAGING IN: "Engaged in or engaging in or recent history of" criminal activity means any act within the past five three years by applicants or participants, household members, or guests which involved criminal activity that would threaten the health, safety or right to peaceful enjoyment of the public housing premises by other residents or employees of the PHA, whether or not it resulted or results in the arrest, charge, and/or conviction of the applicant or participant, household members, or guests.

Change #8. HOMELESS: as defined in the HEARTH Act: (Chapter 20, Pg.13)

Homeless means:

(1) An individual or family who lacks a fixed, regular, and adequate nighttime residence, meaning:

(i) An individual or family with a primary nighttime residence that is a public or private place not designed for or ordinarily used as a regular sleeping accommodation for human beings, including a car, park, abandoned building, bus or train station, airport, or camping ground;

(ii) An individual or family living in a supervised publicly or privately operated shelter designated to provide temporary living.
arrangements (including congregate shelters, transitional housing, and hotels and motels paid for by charitable organizations or by federal, state, or local government programs for low income individuals); or

(iii) An individual who is exiting an institution where he or she resided for 90 days or less and who resided in an emergency shelter or place not meant for human habitation immediately before entering that institution;

(2) An individual or family who will imminently lose their primary nighttime residence, provided that:

(i) The primary nighttime residence will be lost within 14 days of the date of application for homeless assistance;

(iii) No subsequent residence has been identified; and

(iii) The individual or family lacks the resources or support networks, e.g., family, friends, faith-based or other social networks, needed to obtain other permanent housing;

(3) Unaccompanied youth under 25 years of age, or families with children and youth, who do not otherwise qualify as homeless under this definition, but who:


(ii) Have not had a lease, ownership interest, or occupancy agreement in permanent housing at any time during the 60 days immediately preceding the date of application for homeless assistance;

(iii) Have experienced persistent instability as measured by two moves or more during the 60-day period immediately preceding the date of applying for homeless assistance; and

(iv) Can be expected to continue in such status for an extended period of time because of chronic disabilities; chronic physical health or mental health conditions; substance addiction; histories of
domestic violence or childhood abuse (including neglect); the presence of a child or youth with a disability; or two or more barriers to employment, which include the lack of a high school degree or General Education Development (GED), illiteracy, low English proficiency, a history of incarceration or detention for criminal activity, and a history of unstable employment; or

(4) Any individual or family who:

(i) Is fleeing, or is attempting to flee, domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, stalking, or other dangerous or life-threatening conditions that relate to violence against the individual or a family member, including a child, that has either taken place within the individual’s or family’s primary nighttime residence or has made the individual or family afraid to return to their primary nighttime residence;

(ii) Has no other residence; and

Lacks the resources or support networks, e.g., family, friends, and faith based or other social networks, to obtain other permanent housing.
HOUSING AUTHORITY OF THE 
COUNTY OF SACRAMENTO (ACOP)

Change #1. AGENCY FACTORS (CHAPTER 2, PG. 2)

- A family will may be denied admission to the program if they owe any previous landlord money, as determined by a court, within the last five three years. (Consideration will be given to assist the family if the family is under a repayment agreement with that landlord prior to being selected from the waitlist and the payments are current or if the debt was incurred as a result of financial hardship or disability, the family has not been able to repay the landlord as a result of financial hardship or disability, or if other mitigating circumstances justify admission to the program.)

- A family will may be denied admission to the program if any member of the family has been evicted from federally assisted housing for a serious violation of a lease within the last five three years. The PHA will consider mitigating circumstances.

- The family may not have violated any family obligation during a previous participation in a federally assisted housing program within five three years. (The PHA will consider mitigating circumstances).

- An applicant family will be denied if any member of the family has been convicted of drug-related criminal activity (see Criminal Screening Criteria below) within the last three years. The PHA will consider mitigating circumstances.

- An applicant family will be denied if any member of the family has been convicted of violent criminal activity (see Criminal Screening Criteria below) within the last three years. The PHA will consider mitigating circumstances.

Where finger printing is not an option, the Housing Authority will ask the prospect to list all arrests convictions that have occurred in the past five three years. If the prospect neglects to list a past arrest or conviction, the PHA may elect to continue to process the prospect. If a prospect is able to be finger printed, the PHA will not ask the prospect to list any convictions arrests.

Change #2. CRIMINAL SCREENING CRITERIA (CHAPTER 2, PG. 3)

The PHA may deny families for any felony convictions for the following charges:
Assault and battery, use of a firearm against a person, armed robbery, robbery offenses with no weapon involved, intentional homicides, manslaughter, kidnapping and abduction, stalking, arson, burglary, breaking and entering, fraud, possession of drugs and weapons offenses.

The PHA may deny families for any felony and misdemeanor convictions for the following charges: Domestic violence, sex offenses, manufacture, distribution or possession to distribute drugs, driving under the influence. All convictions that fall in the above categories will be reviewed through an individualized screening process where mitigating circumstances will be considered prior to proposed denial from the program.
The PHA at its discretion may elect to continue to process the prospect if during the application process a prospect neglects to list a past arrest or conviction and if that arrest or conviction is not for:

- Drug related criminal activity; nor
- Violent criminal activity; nor
- Criminal activity which may threaten the health, safety, or right to peaceful enjoyment of the premises by other residents or persons residing in the immediate vicinity; nor
- Other criminal activity which may threaten the health or safety of the owner, property management staff, or persons performing a contract administration function or responsibility on behalf of the PHA (including a PHA employee or a PHA contractor, subcontractor or agent).

The PHA will not consider any arrest convictions that are over five three years old provided no other criminal activity has taken place in the interim, and they have not been on probation or parole for at least one year from the date the prospect was pulled from the waitlist.

**Change #3. Student Eligibility (Chapter 2, Pg. 5)**

Students who meet any of the following shall qualify for housing assistance, provided that they meet all other eligibility requirements:

- The individual is 24 years of age or older by December 31 of the award year;
- The individual has legal dependents other than a spouse;
- The individual is a graduate or professional student;
- The individual is a veteran of the Armed Forces of the United States (as defined in subsection (c)(1) of HEA) or is currently serving on active duty in the Armed Forces for other than training purposes;
- The individual is married;
- The individual is an orphan, in foster care, or a ward of the court or was an orphan, in foster care, or a ward of the court at any time when the individual was 13 years of age or older;
- The individual is, or was immediately prior to attaining the age of majority, an emancipated minor or in legal guardianship as determined by a court of competent jurisdiction in the individual's State of legal residence;
- Is otherwise individually eligible, or has parents who, individually or jointly, are eligible on the basis of income to receive assistance
• The individual has been verified during the school year in which the application is submitted as either an unaccompanied youth who is a homeless child or youth (as such terms are defined in section 725 of the McKinney-Vento Homeless Assistance Act) (42 U.S.C. 11431 et seq.), or as unaccompanied, at risk of homelessness, and self-supporting, by— (i) a local educational agency homeless liaison, designated pursuant to section 722(g)(1)(J)(ii) of the McKinney-Vento Homeless Assistance Act; (ii) the director of a program funded under the Runaway and Homeless Youth Act or a designee of the director; (iii) the director of a program funded under subtitle B of title IV of the McKinney-Vento Homeless Assistance Act (relating to emergency shelter grants) or a designee of the director; or (iv) a financial aid administrator.

The individual is a student for whom a financial aid administrator makes a documented determination of independence by reason of other unusual circumstances. Independent status must be verified by:

• Reviewing and verifying previous address information to determine evidence of a separate household or verifying the student meets the U.S. Department of Education's definition of "independent student";
• Reviewing a student's prior year income tax returns to verify the student is independent or verifying the student meets the U.S. Department of Education's definition of "independent student"; and
• Verifying income provided by a parent by requiring a written certification from the individual providing the support. Certification is also required if the parent is providing no support to the student. Financial assistance that is provided by persons not living in the unit is part of annual income.

Student-As-Head-of-Household

Assistance shall be denied to any single Head of Household student who:

• Is enrolled in an institution of higher education;
• Is under 24 years of age;
• Is not a U.S. Veteran;
• Is unmarried;
• Does not have a dependent child;
• Is individually ineligible for section 8 assistance; and
• If the student’s parents are, individually or jointly, ineligible for assistance.

Unless:

• The student is individually income-eligible AND resides with parents (individually or jointly) who are income-eligible for the program;
• The student is income-eligible and has established a household separate from parents or legal guardians at least one year prior to application for occupancy OR the student meets the Department of Education definition of independent student.
• The student is not claimed as a dependent by a parent or a legal guardian pursuant to IRS regulations for a period of one year prior to the application for occupancy.
• The student must obtain a certification which states the amount of financial assistance that will be provided by the parents, signed by the individual providing the support. The certification is required even if no assistance will be provided.

Change #4. Denial of Admission for Drug Related and/or Other Criminal Activity

SCREENING FOR DRUG ABUSE AND OTHER CRIMINAL ACTIVITY (CHAPTER 2, PG. 20)

In an effort to prevent drug or violence related and/or other criminal activity, as well as other patterns of behavior that pose a threat to the health, safety, or the right to peaceful enjoyment of the premises by other residents, the PHA will endeavor to screen applicants thoroughly and fairly. The PHA will consider mitigating circumstances.

Obtaining summary criminal history information for the purpose of screening a prospective participant/applicant includes:

- Any information concerning any arrest or conviction, or release from custody that occurred within at least the past five three years by applicants. Any information regarding a pattern or repeated acts of criminal or drug related behavior that occurred within at least the past five three years by applicants
- Any felony offense that involved any activity related to controlled substances or alcoholic beverages within at least the past five three years [CA Penal Code § 11105.3]

SECURITY AND CRIMINAL BACKGROUND CHECK (CHAPTER 2, PG. 21)

The PHA will verify any involvement in criminal activity on the part of any applicant family or household member who intends to reside in the PHA leased premises:

- Involvement in criminal activity by any member of an applicant family or household member that would adversely affect the health, safety, or welfare of other tenants will be verified using information from the criminal records system of the City and County of Sacramento, the State of California, and the federal National Crime Information Center (the "NCIC"). The PHA will also examine criminal histories provided by other States or municipalities, court records, and other evidence that might document any criminal activity. In addition, the current and former landlords and housing providers will be asked to indicate problems during the applicant’s tenancy. The Authority will review police reports for any criminal activity during the five three year period prior to consideration for admission.

- The PHA will use the criminal records system of the City and County of Sacramento, the State of California, the NCIC, DOJ, and other states and/or municipalities to check all applicants for any evidence of:
(1) Any and all information relative to any criminal convictions or activity, both felonies and misdemeanors, within the past five three years;

Examples of criminal offenses that will be considered include, but are not limited to:
- felonies, disturbing the peace, drunk and disorderly conduct, threats or harassment,
- domestic violence, including actual or threatened violence toward members of an
  applicant household, assaults, destruction of property, vandalism, citations for health
  and sanitary code violation, possession of an unlawful weapon, criminal damage,
  arson, and home invasion.

In applying the above provisions, the PHA will consider the nature of the offense and
any mandatory penalties in accordance with state and federal law as well as any
mitigating circumstances.

STANDARD FOR VIOLATION (CHAPTER 2, PG. 22)

The PHA will deny admission to the program to applicants for five three years from the date of
an eviction if a household member has been evicted from housing for drug-related criminal
activity. However, the PHA may admit the household if the PHA determines:

- That the evicted household member who engaged in drug-related criminal activity has
  successfully completed a supervised drug rehabilitation program approved by the
  PHA and has met the rehabilitation standard set forth in this policy; or
- That the circumstances leading to eviction no longer exist or
- There are other mitigating circumstances.

The PHA will deny admission to the program to applicants for five three years from the date of
conviction, or if incarcerated for one year or more, the date the applicant completed his/her
sentence due to drug-related and other criminal activity that pose a threat to the health, safety or
the right to peaceful enjoyment of the premises by other residents.

The PHA will deny admission to the program, applicants currently on parole or whose parole
release is within 12 months of the date of selection from the waitlist, if the criminal activity
underlying the parole poses a threat to the health, safety, or right to peaceful enjoyment of the
premises by other residents.

The PHA may deny admission to the program, applicants either currently on formal probation or
whose formal probation release is within 12 months of the date of selection from the waitlist, if
the criminal activity underlying the probation poses a threat to the health, safety, or right to
peaceful enjoyment of the premises by other residents.

The PHA will deny participation in the program to applicants where the PHA determines
there is reasonable cause to believe that the person is illegally using a controlled
substance or engages in drug-related or other criminal activity.
The PHA will deny participation in the program to applicants if it is determined that the person abuses alcohol in a way that may interfere with the health, safety or right to peaceful enjoyment of the premises by other residents. This includes cases where the PHA determines that there is a pattern or repeated acts of illegal use of controlled substances or a pattern or repeated acts of alcohol abuse.

The PHA will consider the illegal use of a controlled substance or alcohol abuse to be a pattern if there is more than one incident during the previous 18 months that may interfere or threaten the health, safety or right to peaceful enjoyment of the public housing premises by other residents or employees of the PHA.

No family member may have committed fraud, bribery, or any other corrupt or criminal act in connection with any federal housing program in the last five three years.

The PHA will consider mitigating circumstances.

EVIDENCE (CHAPTER 2, PG. 23)

The PHA must have credible evidence of the violation. Credible evidence may be obtained from the following:

- Proof of a criminal conviction (see Criminal Screening Criteria).

Change #5. SUPERVISORY REVIEW AND HEARINGS (CHAPTER 2, PG. 24)

If the applicant is associated with more than one subsidized unit, the Agency will ask the family to sign an affidavit stating that the family understands that they cannot be a party to two different subsidized units at the same time and that they must relinquish their current unit in order to participate in the new program.

Change #6. Wait List Preferences (Chapter 4, Pg. 6)

An applicant may not be granted any preference if any member of the family has been evicted from any federally assisted housing during the past five (5) three years because of drug-related or violent criminal activity. The PHA may grant an exception to such a family if the responsible member has successfully completed a rehabilitation program.

Change #7. B. GLOSSARY OF HOUSING TERMS Chapter 20, Pg. 11 and 13)  

ENGAGED IN OR ENGAGING IN: "Engaged in or engaging in or recent history of" criminal activity means any act within the past five three years by applicants or participants, household members, or guests which involved criminal activity that would threaten the health, safety or right to peaceful enjoyment of the public housing premises by other residents or employees of the PHA, whether or not it resulted or results in the arrest, charge, and/or conviction of the applicant or participant, household members, or guests.
HOMELESS: as defined in the HEARTH Act:

Homeless means:

(3) An individual or family who lacks a fixed, regular, and adequate nighttime residence, meaning:

(iv) An individual or family with a primary nighttime residence that is a public or private place not designed for or ordinarily used as a regular sleeping accommodation for human beings, including a car, park, abandoned building, bus or train station, airport, or camping ground;

(v) An individual or family living in a supervised publicly or privately operated shelter designated to provide temporary living arrangements (including congregate shelters, transitional housing, and hotels and motels paid for by charitable organizations or by federal, state, or local government programs for low income individuals); or

(iii) An individual who is exiting an institution where he or she resided for 90 days or less and who resided in an emergency shelter or place not meant for human habitation immediately before entering that institution;

(4) An individual or family who will imminently lose their primary nighttime residence, provided that:

(i) The primary nighttime residence will be lost within 14 days of the date of application for homeless assistance;

(vi) No subsequent residence has been identified; and

(iii) The individual or family lacks the resources or support networks, e.g., family, friends, faith-based or other social networks, needed to obtain other permanent housing;

(3) Unaccompanied youth under 25 years of age, or families with children and youth, who do not otherwise qualify as homeless under this definition, but who:

Food and Nutrition Act of 2008 (7 U.S.C. 2012), section 17(b) of the Child Nutrition Act of 1966 (42 U.S.C. 1786(b)), or section 725 of the McKinney-Vento Homeless Assistance Act (42 U.S.C. 11434a);

(ii) Have not had a lease, ownership interest, or occupancy agreement in permanent housing at any time during the 60 days immediately preceding the date of application for homeless assistance;

(iii) Have experienced persistent instability as measured by two moves or more during the 60-day period immediately preceding the date of applying for homeless assistance; and

(iv) Can be expected to continue in such status for an extended period of time because of chronic disabilities; chronic physical health or mental health conditions; substance addiction; histories of domestic violence or childhood abuse (including neglect); the presence of a child or youth with a disability; or two or more barriers to employment, which include the lack of a high school degree or General Education Development (GED), illiteracy, low English proficiency, a history of incarceration or detention for criminal activity, and a history of unstable employment; or

(4) Any individual or family who:

(i) Is fleeing, or is attempting to flee, domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, stalking, or other dangerous or life-threatening conditions that relate to violence against the individual or a family member, including a child, that has either taken place within the individual’s or family’s primary nighttime residence or has made the individual or family afraid to return to their primary nighttime residence;

(ii) Has no other residence; and

(iii) Lacks the resources or support networks, e.g., family, friends, and faith based or other social networks, to obtain other permanent housing.
HOUSING AUTHORITY OF THE
COUNTY OF SACRAMENTO
Housing Choice Voucher Administrative Plan

I. Change #1. Changes in Chapter 2 are due to:
   a. Consideration of convictions rather than arrests when looking at past criminal activity.
   b. Changing the “look back period” for criminal activity from 5 years to 3 years.
   c. Regulatory changes defining student eligibility

Only the text immediately surrounding the changes appear below. To read the changes in context, please refer to the documents available at www.shra.org.

Chapter 2 ELIGIBILITY FOR ADMISSION

1. **HUD Factors**: (Chapter 2, Pg. 2-1)

   The HUD eligibility criteria are:
   
   - An applicant family will not be admitted to the program if any member of the family has been evicted from federally assisted housing for a serious violation of the lease within the past three years. (Except as referenced in Chapter 15, Section B of this Administrative Plan).

2. **PHA Factors [24 CFR Part 982.552]**: (Chapter 2, Pg. 2-2)

   The PHA will apply the following criteria, in addition to the HUD eligibility criteria, as grounds for denial of admission to the program:

   - The PHA may deny the applicant family if they have violated any family obligation during a previous participation in a federally assisted housing program for three years prior to final eligibility determination. The PHA may make an exception if the family member who violated the family obligation is not a current member of the household. The PHA may request the family to provide verifiable documentation.

   - The PHA will deny participation in the program to applicants where the PHA determines there is reasonable cause to believe that any family member is illegally using a controlled substance or engages in drug-related or other criminal activity. Mitigating circumstances will be considered.

   - The PHA will deny participation in the program to applicants where the PHA determines that any family member abuses alcohol in a way that may interfere with the health safety or peaceful enjoyment of the premises by other residents. This includes cases where the PHA determines that there is a pattern of illegal use of controlled substances or a pattern alcohol
abuse. The PHA will consider alcohol abuse to be a pattern if there is more than one conviction during the previous 18 months. Mitigating circumstances will be considered.

- An applicant family will be denied admission to the program if any member of the family fails to fully complete all required documents, including but not limited to the application and HUD 92006, 9886, and 52675 forms after notification by the PHA.
- If any applicant family deliberately misrepresents any information on which eligibility or tenant rent is established, the PHA may deny assistance and may refer the family file/record to the proper authorities for appropriate disposition. (See Program Integrity Addendum).
- An applicant family may be denied if any member of the family has been convicted, is on probation or parole for any of the following reasons within the last three years:
  1. Drug-related criminal activity (see Criminal Screening Criteria below);
  2. Violent criminal activity (see Criminal Screening Criteria below);
  3. Other criminal activity which may threaten the health, safety, or right to peaceful enjoyment of the premises by other residents or persons residing in the immediate vicinity; or
  4. Other criminal activity which may threaten the health or safety of the owner, property management staff, or persons performing a contract administration function or responsibility on behalf of the PHA (including a PHA employee or a PHA contractor, subcontractor or agent)
- Any applicant who is a current or former resident must pay all debts to the PHA before a voucher may be issued. All applicants to the HCV program must be in “Good Standing.” Please see the glossary for a definition of “Good Standing”.

Where fingerprinting is not an option, the Housing Authority will ask the prospect to list all past arrests and convictions. The PHA may elect to continue to process the prospect if, during the application process, a prospect neglects to list a past arrest and conviction, if that arrest and conviction is not for:

- drug related criminal activity, nor
- violent criminal activity, nor
- criminal activity which may threaten the health, safety, or right to peaceful enjoyment of the premises by other residents or persons residing in the immediate vicinity; nor
- Other criminal activity which may threaten the health or safety of the owner, property management staff, or persons performing a contract administration function or responsibility on behalf of the PHA (including a PHA employee or a PHA contractor, subcontractor or agent).

All convictions that fall in the above categories will be reviewed through an individualized screening process where mitigating circumstances will be considered prior to proposed denial from the program.
Criminal Screening Criteria

The PHA may deny families for any felony convictions for the following charges:
- assault and battery,
- use of a firearm against a person,
- armed robbery,
- robbery offenses with no weapon involved,
- intentional homicides,
- manslaughter,
- kidnapping and abduction,
- stalking,
- arson,
- burglary,
- breaking and entering,
- fraud,
- possession of drugs and
- weapons offenses.

The PHA may deny families for any felony and misdemeanor convictions for the following charges:
- domestic violence,
- sex offenses,
- manufacture, distribute or possession to distribute drugs, and
- driving under the influence.

Admission of applicants with any current criminal charges may be delayed pending a final court decision. After the final court decision, the applicant’s case will be reviewed to determine whether the applicant meets all admission criteria.

All families must meet or exceed the tenant selection and suitability criteria set forth in this chapter.

The PHA will not consider any convictions or arrests that are more than three five years old, provided no other arrests or criminal activity has taken place in the interim period and the applicant is not on formal probation or parole at the time they are selected from the waitlist.

4. Student Eligibility (Chapter 2, Pg. 2-5)

Single Head of Household students Students who meet any of the following shall not qualify for housing assistance, provided that they meet all other eligibility requirements:

- is a student is enrolled at an institution of higher education
is under the age of 24, the individual is 24 years of age or older by December 31 of the award year;
- The individual has legal dependents other than a spouse;
- The individual is a graduate or professional student;
- The individual is a veteran of the Armed Forces of the United States (as defined in subsection (c)(1) of HEA) or is currently serving on active duty in the Armed Forces for other than training purposes;
- is not a veteran;
- is unmarried;
- The individual is married;
- does not have a dependent child;
- The individual is an orphan, in foster care, or a ward of the court or was an orphan, in foster care, or a ward of the court at any time when the individual was 13 years of age or older;
- The individual is, or was immediately prior to attaining the age of majority, an emancipated minor or in legal guardianship as determined by a court of competent jurisdiction in the individual's State of legal residence;
- Is otherwise individually eligible, or has parents who, individually or jointly, are eligible on the basis of income to receive assistance;
- is individually ineligible for section 8 assistance; and
- the student’s parents are, individually or jointly, ineligible for assistance.
- The individual has been verified during the school year in which the application is submitted as either an unaccompanied youth who is a homeless child or youth (as such terms are defined in section 725 of the McKinney-Vento Homeless Assistance Act) (42 U.S.C. 11431 et seq.), or as unaccompanied, at risk of homelessness, and self-supporting, by—
  o (i) a local educational agency homeless liaison, designated pursuant to section 722(g)(1)(J)(ii) of the McKinney-Vento Homeless Assistance Act;
  o (ii) the director of a program funded under the Runaway and Homeless Youth Act or a designee of the director;
  o (iii) the director of a program funded under subtitle B of title IV of the McKinney-Vento Homeless Assistance Act (relating to emergency shelter grants) or a designee of the director; or
  o (iv) a financial aid administrator;
- The individual is a student for whom a financial aid administrator makes a documented determination of independence by reason of other unusual circumstances.

For single-member student households, any financial assistance received in excess of amounts received for tuition and fees shall be considered income. Financial assistance does not include loan proceeds since loans are debts that must be repaid by the borrower.

In cases where the student is not considered an "independent student," [Federal Register-5969-N-01] both the student's and parents' income are considered for eligibility/recertification purposes. Once the student has been determined Final
Eligible for the program, and the parents are not part of the household, any financial assistance received in excess of tuition and fees shall be considered income. Financial assistance does not include loan proceeds since loans are debts that must be repaid by the borrower.

Independent status must be verified by:

- Reviewing and verifying previous address information to determine evidence of a separate household or verifying the student meets the U.S. Department of Education's definition of "independent student";
- Reviewing a student's prior year income tax returns to verify the student is independent or verifying the student meets the U.S. Department of Education's definition of "independent student"; and
- Verifying income provided by a parent by requiring a written certification from the individual providing the support. Certification is also required if the parent is providing no support to the student. Financial assistance that is provided by persons not living in the unit is part of annual income.
- Obtaining address information sufficient to determine that the student has maintained a separate household for at least one year
- Parents' income tax returns for the past year to determine whether a parent or guardian has claimed the student as a dependent, and
- Written confirmation of the level of support provided by the parents to the student, including financial assistance. Any financial support provided by the parent(s) is considered in determining the income eligibility of the student household.

Unless:

- The student is individually income eligible AND resides with parents (individually or jointly) who are income eligible for the program;
- The student is income eligible and has established a household separate from their parents or their legal guardians at least one year prior to application for occupancy OR the student meets the Department of Education's definition of independent student;
- The student is not claimed as a dependent by a parent or a legal guardian pursuant to IRS regulations for a period of one year prior to the application for occupancy;
- The student must obtain a certification which states the amount of financial assistance that will be provided by the parents, signed by the individual providing the support. The certification is required even if no assistance will be provided.

5. Applicants with Minor Children and only one Parent in the household: (Chapter 2, Pg. 2-8)

An applicant household who wishes to include a child(ren) must provide documentation proving they have custody of the child(ren). Documentation may include:

- A court ordered guardianship order;
A notice from the County Welfare department verifying the child is in the home of the applicant;
- a letter from each school-aged child’s school verifying the address at which the child is registered and the person who is listed as the guardian;
- A notarized letter from the missing parent of the child stating the applicant has been granted custody of the child.

All mitigating circumstances will be considered.

6. Transitions between Subsidized Housing Programs (Chapter 2, Pg. 2-14)

If the applicant is associated with more than one subsidized unit, the Agency will ask the family to sign an affidavit stating that the family understands that they cannot be a party to two different subsidized units at the same time and that they must relinquish their current unit in order to participate in the new program.

II. Change #2 Changes in Chapter 3 will support efforts to house homeless families

Chapter 3 APPLYING FOR ADMISSION

1. OPENING/CLOSING OF THE WAIT LIST[24 CFR Parts 982.206, 982.54(d)(1)] (Chapter 3, Pg. 3-1)

The wait list may remain open for specific preferences (e.g., Limited Allocation Preference and Move On Preference) even when the wait list is closed. This information will be posted and updated at www.shra.org and/or www.sacwaitlist.com for families seeking housing assistance.

III. Chapter 4 Changes in Chapter 4 are due to adding new preferences to serve homeless families

ESTABLISHING PREFERENCES AND MAINTAINING THE TENANT BASED VOUCHER WAIT LIST

1. Other Housing Assistance (Chapter 4, Pg. 4-1)

When the PHA issues an applicant a Housing Choice Voucher, the applicant’s name will be removed from all tenant-based voucher waitlists, but will remain on all other waitlists unless the family makes a written request to withdraw from a particular waitlist.

2. WAIT LIST PREFERENCES [24 CFR Part 982.207] (Chapter 4, Pg. 4-1)

The PHA uses a single wait list for admission to its Housing Choice Voucher program. Site-based list(s) for project-based assistance may be administratively established in accordance with HUD notices and other requirements.

Applicants can apply to this wait list by going to www.sacwaitlist.com, except for families served through:
• Special admissions, as funded by HUD (ie, Veterans Affairs Supportive Housing-VASH, Non-Elderly Disabled--NED program, and Performance Partnership Pilots Initiative Program--P3).

Families are reviewed for eligibility by the PHA in coordination with the approved third party(ies) based on the policies of the program and if eligible are issued a voucher. All selections will be in accordance with policies and preferences defined in this Administrative Plan. Per PIH Notice 2013-15 any time a new preference is added to an existing wait list, families already on the wait list will be given the opportunity to qualify for the preference and move up on the wait list accordingly.

3. Other Preferences (Chapter 4, Pg. 4-3)

When a new tenant based waiting list opens, the following preference will be added

5) (1 point) Homeless preference to a household currently homeless. A family or individual that meets the definition of “homeless” as defined in the Glossary.

4. HOMELESS INITIATIVES (Chapter 4, Pg. 4-3)

The PHA is giving a priority to housing homeless families and is creating two new preferences to serve the homeless population, while continuing to serve families on the current waitlist. Families who have been determined eligible for these two preferences may be served even when the waiting list is closed, until the approved number has been reached.

Contingent on funding, and in the absence of families meeting the Funding-Based Preferences as described above, the PHA utilizes the following additional preferences:

1) Limited Homeless Allocation. This preference is available to homeless individuals/families that are currently receiving services and referred by a partnering homeless service organization, another coordinated system or consortia of homeless service providers. The referring agency will verify homelessness and will assist the family with finding a suitable rental property once the voucher is issued. Ongoing housing stabilization services will continue to be provided to the family. The PHA will issue up to 150 HCV vouchers each year for a maximum of 450 vouchers cumulatively over a three year period (2017-2020). At its discretion, the PHA will annually evaluate whether this preference is renewed.

2) Move On Allocation. This preference is available to homeless individuals/families that are referred by an approved PHA third party. Formerly homeless individuals/families who have successfully participated in a Permanent Supportive Housing (PSH) program (see Glossary for definition) and been determined ready to move into housing without the attached supportive services will be referred to the PHA to receive a tenant-based voucher. The PHA will issue up to 25 vouchers per year, beginning in the second year of this pilot program, for a maximum of up to 50 vouchers cumulatively over a three year
period (2018-2020). This will create vacancies in PSH programs allowing additional homeless families in need of services to become housed. At its discretion, the PHA will annually evaluate whether this preference is renewed.

5. **SPECIAL ADMISSIONS** [24 CFR Parts 982.54, 982.203] *(Chapter 4, Pg. 4-6)*

Applicants, who are admitted under special admissions, rather than from the wait list, are identified by codes in the automated system. Examples of this include, but are not limited to:

- Performance Partnership Pilots Initiative Program (P3)

IV. **Chapter 5** Changes in Chapter 5 are due to changing the “look back period” for criminal activity from 5 years to 3 years

*Chapter 5 SUBSIDY STANDARDS* [24 CFR Part 982.54(d)(9)]

1. **Screening of Add-Ons to the Household** *(Chapter 5, Pg. 5-2)*

Any person requesting to be added to the household who has committed any violent- or drug-related criminal activity within the last five three years, or who is on formal probation or parole, may be denied. Please refer to Chapter 2 under “PHA Factors” related to probation and parole.

Any person requesting to be added to the household who was previously terminated from a HUD Rental Assistance program as a result of an adverse action in the last five three years may be denied.

V. **Chapter 6** Changes in Chapter 6 are related to changes in regulations affecting student eligibility

*Chapter 6 FACTORS RELATED TO TOTAL TENANT PAYMENT AND FAMILY SHARE DETERMINATION*

1. **STUDENT INCOME** *(Chapter 6, Pg. 6-13)*

Financial assistance received in the form of Student Grants, financial aid or awards will be counted as income unless the student is a dependent student living with their parents on the program or if they are 24 years of age or older (by December 31 of the award year) with a dependent child.

The “dependent child” is the student’s own child who is a minor, a full-time student 18 or over, or a person with disabilities 18 or over. Foster children do not qualify as a dependent child.

Financial assistance received in the form of Student Grants, financial aid or awards will be 100% excluded if the person receiving this financial assistance is over 23 years of age with dependent children. In all other cases, financial assistance an individual receives in excess of
tuition and other mandatory fees must be included when determining annual income in accordance with 24 CFR Parts 5.609(b)(9) and 5.612.

Student Rule (24 CFR Part 5.612)

Single Head of Household students who meet all of the following shall not qualify for housing assistance:

- a student enrolled at an institution of higher education;
- under age 24;
- not a veteran;
- unmarried;
- no dependent child or children;
- individually ineligible for Section 8 assistance; and
- the student's parents are, individually or jointly, ineligible for assistance on the basis of income.

For single-member student households, any financial assistance received in excess of amounts received for tuition and fees shall be considered income. Financial assistance does not include loan proceeds since loans are debts that must be repaid by the borrower.

In cases where the student is not considered an “independent student,” [Federal Register-5969-N-01] both the student's and parents' income are considered for eligibility/recertification purposes. Once the student has been determined Final Eligible for the program, and the parents are not part of the household, any financial assistance received in excess of tuition and fees shall be considered income. Financial assistance does not include loan proceeds since loans are debts that must be repaid by the borrower.

For single-member student households, any financial assistance received in excess of amounts received for tuition shall be considered income. Financial assistance does not include loan proceeds.

In cases where the student is not considered an “independent student,” both the student’s and parents’ income are considered for eligibility/recertification purposes.

Independent status must be verified by:

- Reviewing and verifying previous address information to determine evidence of a separate household or verifying the student meets the U.S. Department of Education’s definition of “independent student”
- Reviewing a student’s prior year income tax returns to verify the student is independent or verifying the student meets the U.S. Department of Education’s definition of “independent student”; and
- Verifying income provided by a parent by requiring a written certification from the individual providing the support. Certification is also required if the parent is providing no support to the student. Financial assistance that is provided by persons not living in the unit is part of annual income.
VI. Changes in Chapter 13 are related to changes in regulations concerning the Violence Against Women Act

Chapter 13 MOVES WITH CONTINUED ASSISTANCE/PORTABILITY

1. ALLOWABLE MOVES (Chapter 13, Pg. 13-1)

Families will be issued a voucher to move while the due process to determine the family obligation violation is finalized if:

3. The Violence Against Women Act (VAWA) provides that a family may receive a voucher from a PHA and move under the tenant-based assistance program if the family has complied with all other obligations of the HCV Program and/or has moved out of the assisted dwelling unit in order to protect the health or safety of an individual who is or when the family has demonstrated that a member of the family has been a victim of domestic violence, dating violence, or stalking and who reasonably believed he or she was actually or imminently threatened by harm or further violence if he or she remained in the assisted dwelling unit.

V. Changes in Chapter 15 are related to changes in policy related to reunifying families while serving homeless families

Chapter 15 DENIAL OR TERMINATION OF ASSISTANCE

1. PHA Grounds for Denial of Assistance (Chapter 15, Pg. 15-2)

The PHA may deny admission to the program for applicants if the PHA determines that it has reasonable cause to believe that a household member's illegal drug use or a pattern of illegal drug use may threaten the health, safety, or right to peaceful enjoyment of residents in the immediate vicinity. See Section B of this chapter for the PHA's established standards.

The PHA may deny program assistance for an applicant, for any of the following reasons:

- Applicants will not be denied for requesting to add a household member who is on parole or probation. The household member who is on probation or parole may be denied.
2. **Standard for Violation (Chapter 15, Pg. 15-3)**

The PHA will consider the illegal use of a controlled substance, alcohol abuse to be a pattern if there is more than one conviction during the previous 18 months.

"Engaged in or engaging in" violent criminal activity means any act within the past five years by an applicant or participant or household member.

Applicants will be denied assistance if they have been convicted of violent criminal activity within the last five years prior to the date of the admission eligibility determination.

3. **Evictions for Drug-Related Criminal Activity (Chapter 15, Pg. 15-4)**

Persons evicted from federally assisted housing because of drug-related criminal activity are ineligible for admission to the HCV program for a five-year period beginning on the date of such eviction. However, the household may be admitted if, after considering the individual circumstances of the household, the PHA determines that:

- The evicted household member who engaged in drug-related criminal activity has successfully completed a supervised drug rehabilitation program approved by the PHA.

- The circumstances leading to eviction no longer exist because the culpable member is no longer in the household.

4. **HUD Grounds for Termination (Chapter 15, Pg. 15-5)**

The PHA may terminate assistance for program participants if the PHA determines that any household member is currently engaging in illegal use of a drug under Local, State, or Federal law. The PHA will consider mitigating circumstances. (See Section B Standard for Violation, Additional Grounds for Termination of Assistance of this chapter and Chapter 25).

The PHA may terminate assistance for program participants if the PHA determines that it has reasonable cause to believe that a household member’s illegal drug use or a pattern of illegal drug use may threaten the health, safety, or right to peaceful enjoyment of other residents or persons residing in the immediate vicinity of the premises. The PHA will consider mitigating circumstances. See Section B, Standard for Violation of this chapter.

5. **Notice of Proposed Termination of Assistance (Chapter 15, Pg. 15-7)**

In any case where the PHA proposes to terminate assistance to the family, the PHA will give the family written notice. The notice will include an Informal Hearing Request form for a resident or an Informal Review request for an applicant.

Before the PHA takes any adverse action based on a criminal conviction record, including a notice denying admission, the PHA will conduct an individualized review of the individual's record. The PHA will provide the subject of the record and the resident/applicant with a copy of the criminal record upon written request and providing picture I.D. to ensure that the PHA is maintaining the security of the personal information of the subject of record. SHRA
will not mail criminal records to any address as it is a security risk. The applicant will be provided an opportunity to dispute the accuracy and relevance of that record.

If the PHA proposes to terminate assistance for criminal activity as shown by a criminal record, the PHA will provide the subject of the record and the Head of Household with a copy of the criminal record.

5. Standard for Violation for Drug-Related Criminal Activity or Violent Criminal Activity (Chapter 15, Pg. 15-9)

The PHA will consider the illegal use of a controlled substance or alcohol abuse to be a pattern if there is more than one conviction during the previous 18 months.

"Engaged in or engaging in" drugs or violent criminal activity means any act within the past five years by a participant or household member.

6. Terminating Assistance for Alcohol Abuse by Household Members (Chapter 15, Pg. 15-10)

Under the family obligations listed at 24 CFR Part 982.551, the members of the household must not abuse alcohol in a way that threatens the health, safety or right to peaceful enjoyment of other residents and persons residing in the immediate vicinity of the premises. Assistance will be terminated due to violation of a family obligation if the PHA determines that a member of the household has demonstrated a pattern of alcohol abuse that threatens the health, safety or right to peaceful enjoyment of other residents and persons residing in the immediate vicinity of the premises. This includes cases where the PHA determines that there is a pattern of illegal use of controlled substances or a pattern of alcohol abuse.

The PHA will consider the illegal use of a controlled substance or alcohol abuse to be a pattern if there is more than one conviction during the previous 18 months.

VII. Changes in Chapter 19 are due to a new grant received

Chapter 19 SPECIAL HOUSING TYPES

1. INTRODUCTION(Chapter 19, Pg. 19-1)

The PHA will permit the use of the following special housing types in its Housing Choice Voucher Program:

* P3 Program

VIII. Changes in Chapter 21 are related to the homeless initiatives designed to house more homeless families

Chapter 21 PROJECT-BASED HOUSING CHOICE VOUCHER PROGRAM
1. INTRODUCTION (Chapter 21, Pg. 21-1)

The PHA will project base up to 100 vouchers per year for a three year period (for a maximum of up to 300 vouchers cumulatively between 2017-2020) to serve homeless families. The PHA will not be required to reduce the number of PBV units under contract if the Budget Authority is subsequently reduced, but will look first to reducing the number of tenant-based vouchers. No additional funding is provided for this program for either Housing Assistance Payments (HAP) or Administrative costs.

2. Competitive Process (Chapter 21, Pg. 21-3)

The PHA may also choose to make PBVs available from the VASH tenant based vouchers or competitively apply for additional HUD VASH PBVs when such funding is made available by HUD. The vouchers would be made available to owners and developers through a competitive local process.

Non-Competitive Process

A PHA may provide PBV assistance to improve, develop, or replace a public housing property or property that it controls or has an ownership interest in without using a competitive process (H.R. 3700 Housing Opportunities Through Modernization Act of 2016, Section 106).

3. DEFINITION OF PREFERENCES (Chapter 21, Pg. 21-18)

1. Residency preference is given to applicants who live, work, or have been hired to work in Sacramento County, or any political subdivision thereof. For homeless individuals and families, a residence includes shelters and other dwelling places where homeless people are sleeping such as a place not designed for sleeping including a car, park, abandoned building, bus or train station, airport or camping ground or the family is living in a shelter designated to provide temporary living arrangements (including congregate shelters, transitional housing and hotels and motels paid for by charitable organizations or by the federal, state or local government) or individuals exiting an institution where he or she resided for 90 days or less.

2. Rent Burden preference is given to applicants who pay more than 50% of their gross income for rent and utilities. The applicant family must provide copies of receipts, lease, their income and utility bills. The PHA will attempt to verify the information provided by the applicant in order to determine the applicant’s qualification for the rent burden preference. In the absence of a rental lease or contract with supporting rent receipts, the PHA will employ one of the following methods, listed in order of preference, to estimate the applicant cost for rent or utilities:

a. Accept the amount the applicant claims to be paying for rent and utilities when there is a written notice from the person from whom they are renting and it is accompanied with cancelled checks, money order receipts or cashier’s check stubs;
b. Accept the amount listed on the Housing Need Declaration with supporting payment documentation, including cancelled checks and money order receipts, or cashiers check stubs.

3. Homless preference is given to applicants that are homeless as defined in the Glossary.

IX. Chapter 23 is new and describes a new program

Chapter 23 PERFORMANCE PARTNERSHIP PILOTS FOR DISCONNECTED YOUTH (P3)

The Performance Partnership Pilots Initiative Program (P3 or Program) was first authorized by Congress in 2014. The Program enables pilot sites to test innovative, outcome-focused strategies to achieve significant improvements in educational, employment, and other key outcomes for disconnected youth using the flexibility to blend existing federal funds and to seek waivers of associated program requirements.

The Sacramento P3 Program is a three-year comprehensive service-delivery system that coordinates and integrates a multidisciplinary approach to providing services to 100 disconnected youth aged 16-24, especially foster youth, youth on probation, homeless youth and youth at risk of becoming homeless. The Program adopts a housing-first model to promote stability for participants. The federal regulation waivers granted under this program are designed to increase the efficiency of service delivery in two ways: 1) by removing barriers to housing and expanding housing eligibility; and, 2), by leveraging existing resources and increasing services to the target population. The Program is based on collaboration with local and state partners and coordination of currently funded services.

The Sacramento County Housing Authority applied for and was successfully awarded the P3 grant. P3 youth families will be issued a voucher and will follow all HCV program policies and regulations. 100 vouchers will be issued for this program over a three year period (2017-2020).

FAMILY ELIGIBILITY AND SELECTION

The PHA will receive referrals from an approved third party provider(s). Written documentation of these referrals must be maintained in the tenant file at the PHA.

X. Changes in Chapter 26 are related to the change in the “look back period” for criminal activity.

Chapter 26 MEDICAL MARIJUANA POLICY

HCV will also deny participation to applicants where the PHA has reasonable cause to believe that any family member has illegal used or possessed marijuana or engaged in any drug-related or other criminal activity within the past five-three years.

XI. Chapter 28 is new and reflects the new regulations concerning the Violence Against Women Act (VAWA)

Chapter 28 VIOLENCE AGAINST WOMEN ACT & DOMESTIC VIOLENCE
INTRODUCTION

Title VI of the Violence Against Women Act (VAWA) adds a new housing provision that establishes several categories of protected individuals. Under the law, victims of domestic violence, dating violence, stalking, and victims of sexual assault are granted protections, and cannot be denied or terminated from housing or housing assistance because of activity that is directly related to domestic violence.

A. PURPOSE

The purpose of this Policy is to reduce domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, and stalking and to prevent homelessness by:

- protecting the safety of victims;
- creating long-term housing solutions for victims;
- building collaborations among victim service providers; and
- assisting the PHA to respond appropriately to the violence while maintaining a safe environment for the PHA, employees, tenants, applicants, Housing Choice Voucher participants, program participants and others.

The policy will assist the Sacramento County Housing Authority and Sacramento City Housing Authority (PHA) in providing rights under the Violence Against Women Act to its applicants, public housing residents, Housing Choice Voucher participants and other program participants.

This Policy is incorporated into the PHA’s “Admission and Continuing Occupancy Policy”, and “Housing Choice Voucher Program Administrative Plan” and applies to all PHA housing programs.

B. DEFINITIONS

The definitions in this Section apply only to this Policy.

Actual or imminent threat refers to a physical danger that is real, would occur within an immediate time frame, and could result in death or serious bodily harm. In determining whether an individual would pose an actual or imminent threat, the factors to be considered include: The duration of the risk; the nature and severity of the potential harm, the likelihood that the potential harm will occur, and the length of time before the potential harm would occur.

Affiliated individual means a spouse, parent, brother, sister, child or a person to whom the tenant stands in the place of a parent or guardian, or any individual, tenant, or other lawful occupant living in the tenant's household.

Confidentiality: The PHA will not enter information provided to the PHA by a victim alleging domestic violence into a shared database or provide this information to any related entity except as stated in 3.4

Dating Violence: Violence committed by a person (a) who is or has been in a social relationship of a romantic or intimate nature with the victim; and (b) where the existence of such relationship shall be determined based on a consideration of the following factors: (i) the length of the relationship; (ii) the type of relationship; (iii) the frequency of interaction between the persons involved in the relationship.

Domestic Violence: Felony or misdemeanor crimes of violence committed by a current or former spouse of the victim or intimate partner of the victim, committed by a person with whom the victim shares a child
in common, committed by a person who is cohabitating with or has cohabitated with the victim as a spouse or intimate partner, committed by a person similarly situated to a spouse of the victim under the domestic or family violence laws of California, or committed by any other person against an adult or youth victim who is protected from that person’s acts under the domestic or family violence laws of California.

The term “spouse or intimate partner of the victim” includes a person who is or has been in a social relationship of a romantic or intimate nature with the victim, as determined by the length of relationship, the type of relationship, and the frequency of interaction between the persons involved in the relationship.

Immediate Family Member: A spouse, parent, brother or sister, or child of a victim or an individual to whom the affiliated individual; or any other person living in the household of the victim and related to the victim by blood or marriage.

Perpetrator: A person who commits an act of domestic violence, dating domestic violence or stalking against a victim.

Safe Unit: refers to a unit that the victim of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking believes is safe.

Stalking: (a) to follow, pursue or repeatedly commit acts with the intent to kill, injure, harass or intimidate the victim; (b) to place under surveillance with the intent to kill, injure, harass or intimidate the victim; (c) in the course of, or as a result of such following, pursuit, surveillance, or repeatedly committed acts, to place the victim in reasonable fear of the death of, or serious bodily injury to the victim.

Sexual Abuse: To cause substantial emotional or physical harm to the victim, an affiliated individual of the victim or the spouse or intimate partner of the victim.

Sexual Assault: Any type of sexual contact or behavior that occurs by force or without consent of the recipient of the unwanted sexual activity. Falling under the definition of sexual assault is sexual activity such as forced sexual intercourse, sodomy, child molestation, incest, fondling, and attempted rape. It includes sexual acts against people who are unable to consent either due to age or lack of capacity.

Bona Fide Claim: A bona fide claim of domestic violence, dating violence or stalking must include incidents that meet the terms and conditions in the above definitions.

C. CERTIFICATION AND CONFIDENTIALITY

The person claiming protection under VAWA shall provide complete and accurate certifications to a PHA owner or manager within 14 business days after the party requests in writing that the person completes the certifications. If the person does not provide a complete and accurate certification within the 14 business days a PHA owner or manager may take action to deny or terminate participation or tenancy. Mitigating circumstances will be considered in any case where the person or family did not submit or could not submit documentation timely. Additional time may be granted to a family on a case by case basis.

D. HUD APPROVED CERTIFICATION

For each incident that a person is claiming as abuse, the person may certify to the PHA, owner or manager, their victim status by completing a HUD approved certification (form HUD-5382). The person shall certify the date, time and description of the incidents, that the incidents are bona fide incidents of
actual or threatened abuses and meet the requirements of VAWA and this Policy. The person shall provide information to identify the perpetrator including but not limited to the name and, if known, all alias names, date of birth, address, contact information such a postal, e-mail or internet address, telephone or facsimile number or other identification if it is safe to provide and is known to the victim.

E. OTHER CERTIFICATION

A person who is claiming victim status may provide to the PHA, an owner or manager: (a) documentation signed by the victim and an employee, agent or volunteer of a victim service provider, an attorney, record of administrative agency, mental health professional or a medical professional from whom the victim has sought assistance in addressing domestic violence, dating violence or stalking or the effects of the abuse, in which the professional attests under penalty of perjury the professional’s belief that the incident(s) in question are bona fide incidents of abuse; or (b) a federal, state, tribal, territorial, local police or court record. Additional information may be requested for additional clarification purposes.

F. CONFIDENTIALITY

The PHA and the owner and managers shall keep all information provided to the PHA under this section confidential. The PHA and owner and manager shall not enter the information into a shared database or provide to any related entity except to the extent that:

- the victim requests or consents to the disclosure in writing;
- the disclosure is required for eviction from public housing and/or termination of Housing Choice Voucher assistance; or
- the disclosure is required by applicable law.

G. APPROPRIATE BASIS FOR DENIAL OF ADMISSION, ASSISTANCE, OR TENANCY

PHA shall not deny participation or admission to a program on the basis of a person’s abuse status, if the person otherwise qualifies for admission of assistance.

An incident or incidents of actual or threatened domestic violence, dating violence, stalking, or victims of sexual assault will not be a serious or repeated violation of the lease by the victim and shall not be good cause for denying to a victim admission to a program, terminating Public Housing assistance or occupancy rights, or evicting a tenant.

Criminal activity directly related to domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault or stalking engaged in by a member of a tenant’s household or any guest or other person under the tenant’s control shall not be cause for termination of assistance, tenancy, or occupancy rights if the tenant or an affiliated individual of the tenant’s family is the victim of that domestic violence, dating violence or stalking.

Nothing in the previous sections shall limit the PHA’s authority to propose termination of assistance of any participant for any violation of program Family Obligations not premised on the act or acts of violence against the participant or a member of the participant’s household. However the PHA may not hold a victim to a more demanding standard.

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Nothing in the previous sections shall limit the PHA’s authority to propose termination of assistance, or deny admission to a program, if the PHA can show an actual and imminent threat to other tenants, neighbors, guests, their employees, persons providing service to the property or others if the participant family is not terminated from assistance or denied admission.

Nothing in the previous sections shall limit the PHA’s authority to deny admission or terminate the assistance of a person who engages in criminal acts including but not limited to acts of physical violence or stalking against family members or others.

A Housing Choice Voucher participant who moves out of an assisted dwelling unit to protect their health or safety and who: (a) is a victim under this policy; (b) reasonably believes he or she was imminently threatened by harm from further violence if he or she remains in the unit; and (c) has complied with all other obligations of the Housing Choice Voucher program may receive a voucher and move to another Housing Choice Voucher jurisdiction.

H. ACTIONS AGAINST A PERPETRATOR

The PHA may take action against a perpetrator of domestic violence; however, the survivor of domestic violence may take action to control or prevent the violence, sexual assault, dating violence, or stalking. The action may include but is not limited to: (a) obtaining and enforcing a restraining or no contact order or order for protection against the perpetrator; (b) obtaining and enforcing a trespass against the perpetrator; (c) enforcing PHA or law enforcement's trespass of the perpetrator; (d) preventing the delivery of the perpetrator’s mail to the victim’s unit; (e) other reasonable measures.

I. PHA RIGHT TO TERMINATE HOUSING AND HOUSING ASSISTANCE UNDER THIS POLICY

Nothing in this Policy will restrict the PHA’s right to terminate program assistance for program violations by a participant who claims VAWA as a defense if it is determined by the PHA that such a claim is not credible. Nothing in this policy will restrict the PHA’s right to terminate program assistance if the participant (a) allows a perpetrator to violate a court order relating to the act or acts of violence; or (b) if the participant allows a perpetrator who has been barred from assisted unit to come onto the assisted unit including but not limited to the assisted unit’s immediate vicinity under their control.

Nothing in this policy will restrict the PHA’s right to terminate housing assistance if the participant who claims as a defense to an eviction or termination action relating to domestic violence has engaged in fraud and abuse against a federal housing program; especially where such fraud and abuse can be shown to have existed before the claim of domestic violence was made. Such fraud and abuse includes but is not limited to unreported income; unauthorized household members; and/or ongoing violations of program Family Obligations.
J. **Statements of Responsibility of Participant, the PHA to the Victims, and to the Larger Community**

A participant has no less duty and responsibility under the program Family Obligations to meet and comply with the terms of the program than any other participant not making such a claim. Ultimately all participants must be able to take personal responsibility for themselves and exercise control over their households in order to continue their housing and housing assistance. The PHA will continue to address all participants who violate their Family Obligations including those who claim a defense of domestic violence. The PHA recognizes the pathologic dynamic and cycle of domestic violence and will work with victims of domestic violence partnering with other local victim support service providers and can refer the participant to the service providers when requested.

K. **Notice to Applicants, Participants and Tenants**

The PHA shall provide notice to applicants, participants, tenants, and managers of their rights and obligations under VAWA, including the right to confidentiality when a person is denied assistance, when a person is admitted, and when a tenant is notified of eviction or termination of housing benefits and within the 12 month period following December 16, 2016, either during the annual recertification process or lease renewal process, whichever is applicable. Tenant will also be provided with HUD form-5382 and Notice of Occupancy Rights Under VAWA.

L. **Reporting Requirements**

The PHA shall include in its 5-year plan a statement of goals, objectives, policies or programs that will serve the needs of victims. PHA shall also include a description of activities, services or programs provided or offered either directly or in partnership with other service providers to victims, to help victims obtain or maintain housing or to prevent the abuse or to enhance the safety of victims.

M. **Conflict and Scope**

This Policy does not enlarge the PHA’s duty under any law, regulation or ordinance. If this policy conflicts with the applicable law, regulation or ordinance, the law, regulation or ordinance shall control. If this policy conflicts with another PHA policy, this Policy will control.

N. **Moves**

A family may receive a voucher from a PHA and move under the tenant-based assistance program if the family has complied with all other obligations of the HCV Program and/or has moved out of the assisted dwelling unit in order to protect the health or safety of an individual who is or has been a victim of domestic violence, dating violence, or stalking and who reasonably believed he or she was actually or imminently threatened by harm or further violence if he or she remained in the assisted dwelling unit.
During the initial term of the lease, the family may move with a signed mutual agreement with
the landlord to terminate the lease. The family must give the owner at least 30 days written
notice of intent to vacate as specified by applicable law and must simultaneously give a copy to
the PHA. The notice must be submitted to the PHA no later than the date the family submits a
Request for Tenancy Approval (RFTA).

If the family’s annual recertification is due within 120 days, the recertification will be expedited.
If the family reports a change in income or family composition prior to the submission of a
Request for Tenancy Approval (RFTA), the move process will be stopped and the reported
change in income or family composition will be reviewed to determine whether the family
remains eligible for the voucher size it has been issued, or if the change will result in the family
paying more than 40% of their monthly adjusted income toward rent. As these are required by
regulation, they cannot be waived, however, the recertification will be expedited in an effort to
approve the move more swiftly.

If the family is exercising portability and reports a change, the receiving PHA will first request
the initial PHA to complete an interim change. The initial PHA will expedite to not cause a delay
in processing the portability.

If the family has missed two (2) consecutively scheduled voucher issuance sessions without good
cause, the move request will be canceled. If the family submits a new request to move, the
request will be processed timely.

XII Changes in the Glossary are related to changes in the “look back period” for criminal
activity and the focus to house homeless families

GLOSSARY

GOOD STANDING: A family which does not owe an outstanding debt to any PHA; is not
delinquent on a repayment agreement; is not subject to adverse action; has not been evicted from
Public Housing or been terminated from the HCV program within the last five three years.

HOMELESS: as defined in the HEARTH Act:
Homeless means:
(1) An individual or family who lacks a fixed, regular, and adequate nighttime residence,
meaning:
   (i) An individual or family with a primary nighttime residence that is a public or
       private place not designed for or ordinarily used as a regular sleeping accommodation for
       human beings, including a car, park, abandoned building, bus or train station, airport, or
       camping ground;
   (ii) An individual or family living in a supervised publicly or privately operated
        shelter designated to provide temporary living arrangements (including congregate
        shelters, transitional housing, and hotels and motels paid for by charitable organizations
        or by federal, state, or local government programs for low-income individuals); or
(iii) An individual who is exiting an institution where he or she resided for 90 days or less and who resided in an emergency shelter or place not meant for human habitation immediately before entering that institution;

(2) An individual or family who will imminently lose their primary nighttime residence, provided that:
   (i) The primary nighttime residence will be lost within 14 days of the date of application for homeless assistance;
   (ii) No subsequent residence has been identified; and
   (iii) The individual or family lacks the resources or support networks, e.g., family, friends, faith-based or other social networks, needed to obtain other permanent housing;

(3) Unaccompanied youth under 25 years of age, or families with children and youth, who do not otherwise qualify as homeless under this definition, but who:
   (ii) Have not had a lease, ownership interest, or occupancy agreement in permanent housing at any time during the 60 days immediately preceding the date of application for homeless assistance;
   (iii) Have experienced persistent instability as measured by two moves or more during the 60-day period immediately preceding the date of applying for homeless assistance; and
   (iv) Can be expected to continue in such status for an extended period of time because of chronic disabilities; chronic physical health or mental health conditions; substance addiction; histories of domestic violence or childhood abuse (including neglect); the presence of a child or youth with a disability; or two or more barriers to employment, which include the lack of a high school degree or General Education Development (GED), illiteracy, low English proficiency, a history of incarceration or detention for criminal activity, and a history of unstable employment; or

(4) Any individual or family who:
   (i) Is fleeing, or is attempting to flee, domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, stalking, or other dangerous or life-threatening conditions that relate to violence against the individual or a family member, including a child, that has either taken place within the individual’s or family’s primary nighttime residence or has made the individual or family afraid to return to their primary nighttime residence;
   (ii) Has no other residence; and
   (iii) Lacks the resources or support networks, e.g., family, friends, and faith-based or other social networks, to obtain other permanent housing.

PERMANENT SUPPORTIVE HOUSING: Housing model that combines low barrier affordable housing and supportive housing to help individuals and families lead more stable lives.
May 24, 2017

SHRA
801 12th St
Sacramento, CA 95814

RE: ACOP and Admin Plan

Dear Sirs;

We provide this letter of support for the midyear update to the ACOP and Admin Plan.

After careful review and debate of the 2017 mid-year proposed changes, we support the improvements to the City ACOP, the County ACOP and also the Admin Plan.

Thank you.

Debora Surrett
Patricia Edwards
Anthony Mann
Natisha Hughes
Gale Morgan
William Blado

For the Board

Gale Morgan
May 24, 2017

Sacramento Housing and Redevelopment Commission
630 I Street
Sacramento, CA 95814
Submitted via email to vsmith@shra.org

Re: Comments on 2017 Draft Mid-Year Changes for the Housing Authority of the City and County of Sacramento

Dear Honorable Commission Members:

Legal Services of Northern California provides legal assistance to low-income families throughout Sacramento County. We respectfully submit the following comments in response to the request for public comment issued by the Agency regarding the 2017 draft mid-year changes to the Housing Choice Voucher (HCV) Administrative Plan (Admin Plan) and the Admissions and Continued Occupancy Policy (ACOP).

We support most of the proposed changes in the Draft Admin Plan and ACOP and believe that the proposed changes will help make the HCV and public housing programs more accessible to individuals and families experiencing homelessness. Some of our comments address items that we believe need further clarification. We also propose additional changes we think would further the Agency’s goal to make the programs more accessible to individuals and families experiencing homelessness.

During the comment period, we met with Agency staff to discuss the Draft Admin Plan and ACOP. We appreciate the willingness of Agency staff to meet with us and consider our comments.

**City of Sacramento ACOP and County of Sacramento ACOP**

- Chapter 2 Eligibility of Admission

Currently, the ACOP states the Agency may deny a family admission to the public housing program if the family owes any previous landlord money, as determined by a court, within the last five years. The ACOP also allows the Agency to deny admission to families who have been evicted from federally assisted housing for a serious lease violation within the last five years, and to families who participated in a federally assisted housing program and violated the program rules within the past five years.
The Draft ACOP changes these five year periods to three years. We support this change. Many of the families we assist have been evicted from private housing in the past due to non-payment of rent because they were living in housing that was not affordable to them out of necessity. When a family cannot pay rent, they often end up in court with a court judgment against them for the unpaid rent and court costs. The families in this situation are the same families that the public housing program should be serving — those who cannot afford market-level rents. Shortening the period from five years to three years is an important step in ensuring that families who have been evicted for non-payment of rent and therefore owe a landlord money can access the housing programs they need to find stable housing.

We encourage SHRA to go even further and consider not denying families for any period of time who owe a prior landlord money, when the tenant owes that money due to non-payment of rent. Again, often families who qualify for public housing did not pay their rent in prior tenancies simply because they could not find a rental home or apartment that was affordable. Prior non-payment of rent and a subsequent court judgment during a time when the tenant’s rent was too expensive does not indicate the tenant will not pay rent timely in public housing since the rents will be a percentage of the tenant’s income and therefore affordable.

Also, in Chapter 2 SHRA makes changes to its criminal activity screening for applicants. We also support these changes, which include clarifying that applicants may be denied for certain convictions that occurred in the past three years. The current policy allows SHRA to deny for more types of criminal activity and for criminal activity that occurred in the past five years. We think the proposed changes are needed to bring SHRA’s policy into line with recent HUD guidance on criminal activity screening and fair housing law. Also, the changes strike the right balance between ensuring that SHRA has discretion to deny applicants when the applicant’s criminal background indicates the applicant may be a danger to other tenants, but not prohibiting any person with a criminal background from the program even when the criminal activity has no bearing on whether the applicant will be a good tenant.

In most of Chapter 2, the ACOP states the Agency may deny an applicant for certain criminal activity that occurred within the past three years. However, under the “Standard for Violation” section on page 22, the ACOP states it will deny. We believe it is the Agency’s intent to give itself discretion to deny for certain criminal activity, but to not require the denial. As such, the “will” in Chapter 2 should be changed to “may.”

- Glossary – Definition of Homeless

In Chapter 4, the Agency added a preference for homeless families and individuals and added a definition of homeless in the glossary. We support the definition of homeless the Agency has added and think that this definition ensures that the program will be accessible to all types of households who experience homelessness, including, families with children, youth living on their own, individuals and couples.
Admin Plan

- Chapter 2 Eligibility for Admission

The Admin Plan makes important changes to the criminal background screening process. The changes include specifying what type of criminal activity an applicant may be denied for and instituting an individualized screening process before an applicant is denied. We support these changes for the reasons discussed above and believe they are necessary to bring the Agency’s criminal screening policy in line with HUD guidance and fair housing law.

- Chapter 15 Denial or Termination of Assistance

At page 15-1, the Admin Plan currently states:

In deciding whether to deny or terminate assistance because of action or failure to act by members of the family, the PHA may consider all relevant circumstances in each case, such as the seriousness of the case, the extent of participation or culpability of individual family members, mitigating circumstances related to the disability of a family member, and the effects of denial or termination of assistance on other family members who were not involved in the action or failure to act. (emphasis added)

In our meeting with Agency staff we requested that the “may” in this paragraph be changed to “will” to ensure that the Agency staff always consider mitigating circumstances when making decisions to deny or terminate program assistance. Changing this sentence to “will” is more consistent with the goal of these mid-year changes, which is at least in part, to increase access to the HCV program for families and individuals experiencing homelessness.

At page 15-3, the Admin Plan states: “Applicants will be denied assistance if they have been convicted of violent criminal activity within the last three years prior to the date of the admission eligibility determination.” (emphasis added). On the same page the Admin Plan also says: “The PHA will deny participation in the program to applicants where the PHA determines there is reasonable cause to believe that the person is/has been involved in drug related criminal activity or engaged in other criminal activity as defined in the Glossary.” (emphasis added). These two sentences should be changed to read “may” rather than “will” so that Chapter 15 is consistent with the criminal screening policies in Chapter 2.
Chapter 4 Changes to Preferences and Glossary Definition of Homelessness

LSNC supports the additions of the homeless preferences including the homeless allocation, move on allocation and the 1 point preference for families who are homeless when the tenant based waitlist opens up at page 4-3.

LSNC also supports the definition of homelessness added to the Glossary. We think this definition ensures that the program will be accessible to all types of households who experience homelessness, including, families with children, youth living on their own, individuals and couples.

Family Additions Policy

Chapter 5 of the Admin Plan includes the Agency’s policy on when families currently participating in the HCV program can add new household members into their household. (See page 5-1). This policy should be updated to allow HCV participants more flexibility in adding family members who are need of family support. As it stands, a HCV participant cannot add an aging or ill adult parent unless the HCV participant has conservatorship over the adult parent. Likewise, the policy makes it difficult to add non-biological children unless the HCV participant has gone through the court system to get some type of court order. These policies put children and other family members at risk for homelessness.

In 2016 the Agency reduced the ways it would allow a household to show a non-biological child was properly in their care. Currently, a household may only add a non-biological child to the household if the family can show the child is adopted, is in the household through a long-term foster placement, court awarded custody or guardianship. This means a family can only add a child after the family has gone through a complicated legal process or the social service system. This policy does not acknowledge the realities of the many families we assist in which aunts, uncles, grandparents and friends must care for children on little or no notice and do not have the opportunity to get a formal court order before needing to have the child live with them. This policy forces HCV participants to choose between their needed housing assistance and caring for a child in need.

For example, until LSNC intervened, a grandmother who was a HCV program participant was forced to return her teenage granddaughter to her then homeless and unstable mother. LSNC and the Agency worked together to resolve the matter, but were only able to do so because an earlier version of the Admin Plan applied and only after the granddaughter was harmed by the original denial and the months following in which she was homeless before the issue was resolved.

This policy should be updated in the following ways: 1) Families should be allowed to add adult children and parents; 2) Families should be able to establish non-biological children are properly in their care in more ways, including through a notarized letter from the parent or legal guardian and school records; and 3) When a family requests to add a child into the household the Agency should allow that child to stay in the family’s assisted-unit right away as a guest and until the request to add the child is processed by the Agency. This last change is crucial to protecting
children and ensuring the children have a place to live because in our experience the Agency takes longer than the current 30 day guest period to process family addition requests.

LSNC has discussed our concerns about this policy with Agency Staff and hopes to continue to work with staff to improve this harmful policy.

Thank you for considering our comments.

Sincerely,

Sarah Steinheimer
Regional Counsel
May 31, 2017

Sarah Steinheimer
Legal Services of Northern California
515 12th Street
Sacramento CA 95814

RE: Response to Comments on 2017 Mid-Year Revision to the PHA Plan

Dear Ms. Steinheimer:

Thank you for submitting comments in response to the public comment period for the 2017 Mid-Year Revision to the PHA Plan, including the Housing Choice Voucher (HCV) Administrative Plan (Admin Plan) and the City and County Admissions and Continued Occupancy Policy (ACOP). We appreciate the time you and your staff spent reviewing the documents and giving us feedback and offer the following responses:

City of Sacramento ACOP and County of Sacramento ACOP

1. Chapter 2, when considering applicant background histories, your letter says:

   We encourage SHRA to go even further and consider not denying families for any period of time who owe a prior landlord money.

   We don’t want to deny affordable housing to low-income families who couldn’t previously pay their rent; those are the very families we want to serve. Housing Authority staff considers the mitigating circumstances when considering a potentially adverse action so this will be evaluated during the process.

2. Also in Chapter 2, when considering denying an applicant, you found several instances where the ACOP says the Housing Authority “will” deny or terminate housing and LSNC recommends changing the language to say “may.” The Housing Authority is concerned that this does not send a clear message to residents or to staff about the action to be taken. However, we agree that the Housing Authority has discretion and should consider the context of the infraction and the consequences to the family as a result of this decision. Therefore, the Housing Authority reviewed and consistently stated that “The Housing Authority will . . . [terminate housing or deny housing] . . .” but immediately followed with “The Housing Authority will consider mitigating circumstances.” This sends a consistently clear and concise message as to the consequences resulting from past actions but also indicates that staff will review additional relevant information.
County of Sacramento Admin Plan

1. The Housing Authority will change language in Chapter 15 to also say that the PHA will terminate housing assistance because of the family’s action or inaction and the PHA will consider mitigating circumstances to be consistent with Chapter 2.

2. The Mid-Year Revision to the 2017 Annual Plan and related documents considered changes directly related to serving homeless families and updating language based on changes in regulations. Staff is beginning to prepare the 2018 Annual Plan and will consider the feedback regarding family additions to the household when there is time to give this policy greater consideration.

Sincerely,

LaShelle Dozier
Executive Director
RESOLUTION NO. SHRC-_____


ON DATE OF

June 7, 2017

2017 PUBLIC HOUSING AGENCY ANNUAL PLAN MID-YEAR REVISIONS
FOR THE HOUSING AUTHORITY OF THE CITY OF SACRAMENTO AND
HOUSING AUTHORITY OF THE COUNTY OF SACRAMENTO

WHEREAS, the proposed 2017 Public Housing Agency (PHA) Plan Mid-Year Revision is consistent with the 2013-2017 Consolidated Plan, which was approved by the City and County of Sacramento.

WHEREAS, beginning with the 2001 fiscal year budget and associated resolutions, and reauthorized each subsequent year in the resolutions approving the Housing Authorities of the City and County of Sacramento (collectively Housing Authorities) budgets, the Sacramento Housing and Redevelopment Agency (Agency) and its Executive Director are delegated authority by the governing boards of the Housing Authorities to conduct a public hearing on behalf of the Housing Authorities to discuss the Public Housing Agency Annual Plan (PHA Plan) as applicable and invite public comment on the plans.

WHEREAS, the proposed PHA Plan changes were presented to the Resident Committees and the Resident Advisory Board (RAB), and made available to the public on April 10, 2017.

WHEREAS, a public hearing, duly noticed for more than a 45-day period, was held on May 17, 2017 on the 2017 PHA Annual Plan Mid-Year Revision on behalf of the Housing Authorities, and comments received were considered by the Sacramento Housing and Redevelopment Commission.

WHEREAS, the proposed action is an administrative activity and does not commit to any specific project which may result in potentially significant impacts to the environment and therefore does not constitute a project under the California Environmental Quality Act per 14 California Code of Regulations (CCR) §15378(b)(4); and

WHEREAS, the proposed action is considered an administrative and management activity and is exempt under the National Environmental Policy Act per 24 Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) §58.34(a)(3).

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED BY THE SACRAMENTO HOUSING AND REDEVELOPMENT COMMISSION:

Section 1. After due consideration of the facts presented in the recitals above, the staff report and at the public hearing, the findings, including the environmental findings regarding this action, are found to be true and correct and are hereby adopted.
Section 2. The Public Housing Agency Annual Plan Mid-Year Revisions, consisting of the Public Housing Admissions and Continued Occupancy Policy for both the Housing Authority of the City of Sacramento and the Housing Authority of the County of Sacramento and the Administrative Plan for the Housing Choice Voucher program for the Housing Authority of the County of Sacramento only, is hereby approved.

Section 3. The Executive Director or her designee is authorized to make changes to the PHA Plan as directed by the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) or as required to comply with the Quality Housing and Work Responsibility Act of 1998.

Section 4. The Public Housing Agency certifies that the Plan Mid-Year Revisions are consistent with the Consolidated Plan per 24 CFR §§ 903.5 and 903.15.

Section 5. The Executive Director, or her designee, is authorized to execute and submit all required documents for the submission and certification of compliance of the 2017 PHA Annual Plan Mid-Year Revision to United States Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) or to comply with the Quality Housing and Work Responsibility Act of 1998.

ATTEST:

CHAIR

CLERK